SỞ GD&ĐT HẢI DƯƠNG TRƯ**ỜNG THPT CHUYÊN** NGUYỄN TRÃI (Đề thi có 04 trang)

KỲ THI NĂNG KHIẾU LẦN 2 NĂM HỌC 2019 -2020 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Mã đầ thị 001

			Ma de un out	
Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:				
30 vao aann	•••••••••	••••••		
Mark the letter A, B, C, oddiffers from the other three	•		vord whose underlined part	
Question 1: A.attitude Question 2: A. afford	B force	C top	D. norm	
			d that differs from the other	
three in the position of pri				
Question 3: A. studious	-			
Question 4: A. promote				
Question 4. 11. promote	B . prome	C. prefer	D. Togret	
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	r D on your answer s	heet to indicate the co	orrect answer to each of the	
following questions.				
Question 5: Parents often f	feel they have lost any	sort of or i	nfluence over their child.	
A . impression	B . ability	C. opportunity	D . control aking for nearly five years.	
Question 6: They were fin	ally with e	ach other, after not spe	aking for nearly five years.	
		C. interested		
Question 7: "Was the test	long?". "Yes, John wa	as the only one	it."	
		C. finished		
Question 8: These waterm	elons were	_ sweet.		
A . excepting	B . exception	C. exceptional	D . exceptionally	
Question 9: Will her fans s	still continue to	after the scandal?		
		C. break up her		
			since childhood."	
			D . who she has been known	
Question 11: Tom looks so	frightened and upset.	Hesometh	ning terrible.	
C. should have expe	erienced	B. can have experieD. must have experie	ienced	
Question 12: I				
A . it was from this	shop that	B . I was from this s	hop where	
C. It was this shop	which	D . It was this shop t	that	
Question 13: She failed to	gain to the	e university of her choice	ce.	
A. admission	B. acceptance	C. decision	D . attendant	
Question 14 Many scientis	ts have al	l their life for their scie	entific research.	
		C. sacrificed		
-	s aimed at discussing	the similarities and the	e differences between English	
pronouns and the Vietname	_		_	
A. partners	B . counterparts	C. fellows	D . twins	
			ne pollution caused by automobile	
manufacturers. Both domes	stic and imported autor	mobiles must	anti-pollution devices.	
		h C. equip by		
Question 17: They had o	cooperated closely	the investors	the planning of the	
upcoming project.	•			
A . with/for	B . with/towards	C. to/in	D . with/in	
Question 18: I've never rea	ally enjoyed going to t	he ballet or the opera;	they are not really my	
A. piece of cake	B . sweets and cand	y C. cup of tea	D . biscuit	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer sh	neet to indicate the wor	rd(s) CLOSEST in meaning	
to the underlined word(s) i			-	
			roundings. That is why we do not	
want to leave.	-		-	
A. possessed by the	e surroundings	B. planted many tre	es in the surroundings	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		D . haunted by the surroundings	

Question 20: The villagers always state A. donation B. adju	howed their <u>esteem</u> for ustment C. sym		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	<u> </u>	- ·	-
meaning to the underlined word(s)	•		(5) 011 00112 111
Question 21: Students are advised to	0 0		
A. avoid B. forg		•	rard
Question 22: Among friends again,	, e		,
A. admit B. con			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on y			
each of the following exchanges.	your answer sheet to	muicate the option t	nat best completes
Question 23: Hana and Jenifer are ta	alking about a book the	w have just read	
- Hana: "The book is really in			,,
A. I'd love it.		t's nice of you to say	
		n't mention it.	50.
Question 24: Mum and Ron are in the		i t ilicition it.	
- Mum: "Would you like a ch		darling" Don	. " "
A. That would be lovely.		er, I don't mind.	•
C. I could help you make it.			
C. I could help you make it.	D. 1 III	having a test tomorro	ow.
correct word or phrase that best fits In a healthy relationship, both partner are able to communicate effectively a rational and (25) way. But a people are never taught. A lack of violence or in a community that exviolent relationships among youth. Dating violence includes psychological partner includes psychological partner includes psychological psychological violence, such as having experienced (27) psychological psych	ers respect, trust and entheir needs and listen to maintaining a healthy these skills, and grow aperiences a high rate or emotional value of the properties of the properties of the properties of the provided of the provide	mbrace each other's do their partner, and we relationship (26) ing up in a society the of violence, can lead violence, such as conformed as a violence from an anomantic relationships the young people with the people in need according to their people in need according to their partnerships and well being in the people in need according to their people in need according to their partnerships and well being in the people in need according to their partnerships and their people in need according to their partnerships and their partnerships are partnerships are partnerships and their partnerships are partnerships and their partnerships are partners	differences. Both partners ork to resolve conflict in for skills many young nat sometimes celebrates of to unhealthy and even ontrolling behaviours or of all adolescents report intimate partner - and s, which are long-term, the resources, skills, and see relationships. Youth-ess services to (29)
Question 25: A. non-violent	B . violently	C. violent	D . violence
Question 26: A. asks	B. calls	C. looks	D . requires
Question 27: A. both	B. either	C. neither	D . requires D . whether
Question 28: A. necessitating	B. necessarily	C. necessary	D . necessity
-	•	▼	•
Question 29: A. address	B . obey	C. deny	D . confess
		•	T T T T

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

Successful students often do the followings while studying. First, they have an overview before reading. Next, they look for important information and pay greater attention to it (which often needs jumping forward or backward to process information). They also relate important points to one another. Also, they activate and use their *prior* knowledge. When they realize that their understanding is not good, they do not wait to change strategies. Last, they can monitor understanding and take action to correct or "fix up" mistakes in comprehension.

Conversely, students with low academic achievement often demonstrate ineffective study skills. They tend to assume a passive role, in learning and rely on others (e.g., teachers, parents) to monitor their studying, for example, low-achieving students often do not monitor their understanding of content; they may not be aware of the purpose of studying; and they show little evidence of looking back, or employing "fix- up" strategies to fix understanding problems. Students who struggle with learning new information seem to be unaware that they must extent effort beyond simply reading the content to understand and remember it. Children with learning disabilities do not plan and judge the quality of their studying. Their studying may be disorganized. Students with learning problems face challenges with personal

organization as well. They often have difficulty keeping track of materials and assignments, following directions, and completing work on time. Unlike good studiers who employ a variety of study skills in a flexible yet purposeful manner, low- achieving students use a restricted range of study skills. *They* cannot explain why good study strategies are important for learning; and they tend to use the same, often ineffective study approach for all learning tasks, ignoring task content, structure or difficulty.

(Source: Adapted from Study Skills: Managing Your Learning — NUI Galway)

Question 30: What is the topic of the passage?

- A. Successful and low-academic achieving students
- **B**. Successful learners and their learning strategies
- C. Study skills for high school students
- **D**. Effective and ineffective ways of learning

Question 31: The word "prior" in the first paragraph is closest meaning to _____?

A. important

B. earlier

C. forward

D. good

Question 32: Which of the followings is NOT an evidence of monitoring studying?

A Poing aware of the purpose of studying P Monitoring their understandi

A. Being aware of the purpose of studying **B**. Monitoring their understanding of content

C. Fixing up mistakes in understanding

D. Looking at their backs

Question 33: According to the passage, to learn new information, low-achieving students do NOT .

A. just understand it

B. relate it to what they have known

C. simply remember it

D. read it

Question 34: The underlined pronoun "They" in the last sentence refers to_____.

A. study strategies

B. study skills

A. study strategiesC. low-achieving students

D. good studiers

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

In American, although most men still do less housework than their wives, that gap has been halved since the 1960s. Today, 41 per cent of couples say they share childcare equally, compared with 25 percent in 1985. Men's greater involvement at home is good for their relationships with their spouses, and also good for their children. Hands-on fathers make better parents than men who let their wives do all the nurturing and childcare. They raise sons who are more expressive and daughters who are more likely to do well in school - especially in math and science.

In 1900, life expectancy in the United States was 47 years, and only four per cent of the population was 65 or older. Today, life expectancy is 76 years, and by 2025, it is estimated about 20 per cent of the U.S. population will be 65 or older. For the first time, a generation of adults must plan for the needs of both their parents and their children. Most Americans are responding with remarkable grace. One in four households gives the **equivalent** of a full day a week or more in unpaid care to an aging relative, and more than half say they expect to do so in the next 10 years. Older people are less likely to be impoverished or incapacitated by illness than in the past, and have more opportunity to develop a relationship with their grandchildren.

Even some of the choices that worry people the most are turning out to be **manageable**. Divorce rates are likely to remain high, and in many cases marital breakdown causes serious problems for both adults and kids. Yet when parents minimize conflict, family bonds can be maintained. And many families are doing **this**. More non-custodial parents are staying in touch with their children. Child-support receipts are rising. A lower proportion of children from divorced families are exhibiting problems than in earlier decades. And stepfamilies are learning to maximize children's access to supportive adults rather than cutting them off from one side of the family.

Question 35: Which of the following can be the most suitable heading for paragraph 1?

A. Men's involvement at home

B. Benefits of men's involvement at home

C. Drawbacks of men's involvement at home

D. Children studying math and science

Question 36: Nowadays, ____ of men help take care of children.

A. 50%

B. 41%

C. 25%

D. 20%

Question 37: According to the writer, old people in the USA _____.

- **A**. are experiencing a shorter life expectancy
- **B**. receive less care from their children than they used to
- C. have better relationships with their children and grandchildren
- **D**. may live in worst living conditions

Question 38: Which of the following is NOT true about divorce rates in the USA?

- **A**. They will still be high.
- **B**. They can cause problems for both parents and children.

-	are caused by children		S.			
	couraged to meet their					
Question 39: The word "e	equivalent" in paragra	ph 2 is closest in mean	ing to			
A. comparable	B . opposed	C. dissimilar	D . contrasting			
Question 40: The word "r	nanageable" in paragi	raph 3 is closest in mea	aning to			
A. difficult	B . challenging	C. demanding	D . easy			
Question 41: The word "t	his" in the paragraph 3	refers to	•			
			B. minimizing conflict			
	causing problems to kids D . maintaining bonds					
Question 42: According to		_				
A. positive	B . negative	-	D . unpredictable			
•	C	C	•			
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the	underlined part that needs			
correction in each of the f			•			
	~ <u>-</u>	onomic boxes and reus	e container such as glass jars			
and cartons instead of wrap			_			
A. economic	B . and reuse	C. cartons	D . instead of			
			ore than any dinosaur that ever			
lived.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
A. can be	B . foot long	C. more tha	n D . dinosaur			
Question 45: Students suppose to read all the questions carefully and find out the answer to them.						
A. suppose			D . them			
1.1			ntence that is closest in meaning			
to each of the following qu	-					
Question 46: He became s		onal writer at the age o	of 20			
			51 2 0.			
A. He did not succeed as a professional writer until he was 20.B. He did not write professionally until he succeeded at the age of 20.						
	-		01 20.			
C. He succeeded as a professional writer until he was 20.D. He wrote professionally until he became successful at the age of 20.						
Question 47: I haven't got used to Indian food although I have lived here for three months.						

- **A.** Eating Indian food is one of the habits when I lived in Indian three months ago.
- **B**. Because I still live in India, I find Indian food strange to eat.
- C. I still find it strange to eat Indian food though I have lived here for three months.
- **D**. I have to eat Indian food to get used to eat as I have to live in India.

Question 48: Peter had very little money. He managed to make ends meet.

- A. Peter found it hard to live on very little money.
- **B**. Having a little money, Peter couldn't make ends meet.
- C. Peter could hardly live on little money.
- **D**. Peter got by on very little money.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: Unemployment rate is high. This makes many children move back to their parents' house.

- A. Many children move back to their parents' house, which makes high unemployment rate.
- **B**. High unemployment rate forces many children to move back to their parents' house.
- C. Moving back to their parents' house suggests that the unemployment rate is high.
- **D**. It is necessary to move back to your parents' house if unemployment rate is high.
- Question 50: It isn't just that the level of education of this school is high. It's that it's also been consistent for years.
 - **A**. The standard of education is not high in this school, but at least all the students are at the same level.
 - **B**. It isn't fair to deny that this school is successful, as it has had the same high standards for many years now.
 - C. Not only are the standards of education good in this school, but it has maintained those standards over the years.
- **D**. The level of education in this school, which is usually quite high, shows only slight variations from year to year.